

Intent

At Holy Trinity C.E. Academy we believe that Reading is vitally important and learning to read will provide children with necessary skills for future life. In addition to this and more importantly, reading is an activity that should be loved by all. At Holy Trinity, we aim to:

- Ensure pupils are taught the skills needed to develop the ability to decode texts independently
- Foster a love of reading in ALL our pupils
- Prioritise sharing books with pupils by reading to children and discussing texts read
- Develop understanding of language and extend knowledge of vocabulary used
- Give pupils access to a wide range of reading material, including fiction, non-fiction, poetry
- Develop children's confidence in understanding what they read through teaching of key reading skills (predicting, clarifying, questioning and summarising)
- Ensure pupils are taught the skills to be able to read fluently and with comprehension by the end of Year 6

Implementation

Phonics - Direct, focused phonics is taught every day in Reception and Key Stage 1, following Little Wandle Letters and Sounds revised. Whole class phonics sessions are taught daily. Pupils within Reception and Key Stage 1 are assessed using a placement test before being grouped according to their needs. Keep up sessions take place daily with those pupils who have struggled within the lesson. Pupils who enter Key Stage Two who are not confident with phonic knowledge are targeted with Catch up sessions.

Group Reading - In Reception pupils are taught Reading with small focused groups three times per week in line with Little Wandle practice. Pupils are grouped according to their assessments. At the end of the week, the pupils will take the book home to read. Any pupils who are causing concern will receive further additional reading sessions individually.

In KS2 the children are grouped to read with a member of staff either weekly, twice a week, three times a week or daily depending on ability and phonics knowledge. The pupils are read with on an individual basis. Those pupils who are confident readers can read longer texts with monitoring by the class teacher.

Guided Reading-Guided reading takes place weekly from Reception to Year 6. Pupils are encouraged to develop understanding of a wide range of texts. Reciprocal Reading is used in Years 3-6, when children have confident decoding skills. Those pupils who are confident readers within year 2 are also taught using this approach. Pupils who are causing concern are targeted with Reciprocal Reading intervention. These groups will last approximately 12 weeks and be carried out twice per week.

Shared Reading-Shared Reading is carried out in a variety of different ways within school. Reading is an essential part of lessons and children will be encouraged to engage with a range of texts. Text starters take place at the beginning of each English lesson, allowing children to investigate vocabulary and techniques used within a text. Storytime/Class Novel is timetabled daily when pupils have the opportunity to read with the teacher



Reading for Pleasure - Pupils visit the library regularly. There are weekly Reading Clubs for Key Stage Two and Storytime for Key Stage One. Each classroom has a reading area with books to borrow from the classroom. Books are available for pupils to read every day during Breakfast Club. World Book Day is celebrated every year within school.

Assessment of Reading - Reading is assessed using Target Tracker throughout the school. Year 1 is assessed using the Phonics test in June. Year 2 is assessed using the Year 2 SATS test in February and May. Years 3, 4 and 5 are assessed using NFER tests in February and June. Year 6 are assessed using SATs tests every half term. Intervention groups are developed after analysis of the test results. However, further pupils can be targeted with intervention as the need arises.

Impact

The impact of the reading curriculum will be enthusiastic and motivated readers who are confident and will enjoy reading a wide variety of genres and text types, who have the skills to decode words in order to be able to read fluently with a secure understanding of what they have read and those pupils who will be inspired by literature and will read for pleasure.

End of EYFS Expectations

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary
- Learn rhymes, poems and songs
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play

Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations	Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Expectations
 Pupils should be taught to: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes 	 Pupils should be taught to maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes



- read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above
- read words containing common suffixes
- read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered
- read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation
- re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.
- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related
- becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales
- being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways
- recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry
- discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary
- discussing their favourite words and phrases
- continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

- increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions
- recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
- identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing
- making comparisons within and across books
- learning a wider range of poetry by heart
- preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
- understand what they read by: checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context
- asking questions to improve their understanding
- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence
- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied
- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas
- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning
- discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
- distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
- retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
- participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously



- understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
- making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- answering and asking questions
- predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say
- explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

- explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary
- provide reasoned justifications for their views.

Holy Trinity CE Academy School Progression document



	EYFS, KS1 and KS2						
Aspect	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonic Knowledge	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs	respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where	continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		applicable, alternative					
		sounds for graphemes					



	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending	read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught	read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes				
Common Exception Words	Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	read common exception words, noting unusual correspondenc es between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondence s between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	read further except the unusual correspondences b and sound, and wh the word.	etween spelling		
Suffixes		read words containing taught GPCs and –s, –es, –ing, –ed, – er and –est endings	read words containing common suffixes	apply their growing root words, prefixe (etymology and mo in Spelling long terr read aloud and to u meaning of new wo	s and suffixes orphology) as listed m plan, both to understand the	apply their growing root words, prefixed (morphology and education listed in Spelling Loboth to read aloud understand the measurement words that they measurement is supplied to the supplied	es and suffixes etymology), as ong Term plan, and to eaning of new
Syllables		read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs	read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above				



	read words				
	with				
	contractions,				
SI	e.g. I'm, I'll,				
jo Lo	we'll, and				
ਚ					
tra	under-stand				
Contractions	that the				
ŭ	apostrophe				
	represents the				
	omitted				
	letter(s)				
	Read aloud	read aloud	read aloud books		
	simple	accurately	closely matched		
	sentences and	books that are	to their		
þ	books that are	consistent with	improving phonic		
Reading Aloud	consistent with	their developing	knowledge,		
8 / 8	their phonic	phonic	sounding out		
i <u>≒</u>	knowledge,	knowledge and	unfamiliar words		
) Sac	including some	that do not	accurately,		
Re	common	require them to	automatically		
	exception	use other	and without		
	words.	strategies to	undue hesitation		
		work out words			
		read most			
Accurate Reading		words quickly			
di j		and accurately,			
\ea		without overt			
e E		sounding and			
at		blending, when			
<u>n</u>		they have been			
- ACC		frequently			
`		encountered			
	re-read these	re-read these			
	books to build	books to build			
>	up their fluency	up their fluency			
Fluency	and confidence	and confidence			
ne	in word	in word reading.			
ᇤ	reading.				
	. 2220.				



Pleasure in Reading motivation to read and	understanding	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary	listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, nonfiction and reference books or textbooks Year 3 - stories with familiar settings, adventure, letters, non-chronological reports, instructions, shape poems, calligrams, nonsense verse Year 4 - myths, newspapers, stories with familiar settings, recounts, explanation, persuasion, haiku, kennings, list poems	continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference Year 5 - persuasion, letters, diaries, instructions, recounts, stories from other cultures, myths and legends, narrative poetry Year 6 - short stories, novels from a range of genres, journalistic writing, biography, non-chronological, explanation, instructional, diaries, perspectives of characters, persuasion, argument, recount, letters
Pleasure in R		Predict– where appropriate – key events in stories	being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences	discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related		letters
		Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during roleplay.	becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics	becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales	increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally	increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions



		being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways	reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes Non-fiction organised showing examples of different text types	reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes Non-fiction which include range of text types in one book to make comparisons
				recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices
			identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books main theme of book such as friendship, escape, survival	identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing Examples such as finding strength from within, heroism, hope
				making comparisons within and across books
	recognising and joining in with predictable phrases	recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry		
				learning a wider range of poetry by heart



	Learn rhymes, poems and songs	learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart	continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action	preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience
				recognising some different forms of poetry (e.g performance poems, shape poems, riddles, nonsense verse, narrative poetry)	
		discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known	discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary	using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read	Clarifying - Use of Reciprocal Reading to clarify unfamiliar vocabulary—use of context initially and dictionaries to check
at they read to them			discussing their favourite words and phrases	discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination	Discussing author's use of language—why specific words and phrases have been selected? Use of emotive language to have an effect on the reader
Understanding what they read and what is read to them		drawing on what know or on backg information and volume provided by the ton what they alrest background infor vocabulary providescher	ground vocabulary eacher drawing eady know or on mation and		



to them as th correcting ina checking that to them as th	the text makes sense	checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context	checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context Clarification strategies
discussing the significance o the title and events			
what is being making infere	ences on the basis of said and done ences on the basis of said and done	drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence (why? How? What?)	drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence (how do you know? What evidence?)
	answering and asking questions	asking questions to improve their understanding of a text Use of inference questions and retrieval. Use of clues in the text)	asking questions to improve their understanding Use of questioning in Reciprocal Reading (how do you know/why? asking questions to improve their understanding Use of questioning in Reciprocal Reading (how do you know/why?
·	nat might happen on hat has been read so	predicting what might happen from details stated and implied	Use of Reciprocal Reading to predict what may be happening next - use of clues focus on what is implied
		identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these in three sentences	summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas Include quotations from the text



				identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning use of organisational features such as bullet points, numbers, paragraphs, word choice	identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning - why has the author used specific words and phrases? Difference between formal and informal, discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
Understanding what they read and what is read					distinguish between statements of fact and opinion Year 6 to include biased language/propaganda
Unde what and w	Listen to and talk about selected non- fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary			retrieve and record information from non-fiction	retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction
	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary	participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say	participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously



	explain clearly	explain and	explain and discuss their
	their	discuss their	understanding of what they have
	understanding	understanding	read, including through formal
	of what is read	of books,	presentations and debates,
	to them	poems and	maintaining a focus on the topic and
		other material,	using notes where necessary
		both those that	
		they listen to	
		and those that	
		they read for	
		themselves.	
			provide reasoned justifications for
			their views
			Use evidence from the text